

ANMC Ambulatory Skin and Soft Tissue Infection

Complicating Risk Factors	Diagnostic Studies
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Infected diabetic or vascular ulcer • Critical illness • Concern for necrotizing fasciitis • Deep tissue infection • Surgical site infection • Injection drug use <p style="text-align: center;"><i>If complicating risk factors are present, treatment varies.</i></p> <p style="text-align: center; color: red;"><i>Consider ID consultation</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Blood cultures if systemically ill, diabetic or other immunosuppression • Plain film only if concern for foreign body or necrotizing fasciitis • Culture of <u>purulent</u> drainage/abscess • NOT routinely indicated for initial management of uncomplicated disease: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ ESR, CRP, Procalcitonin ○ Blood cultures ○ Wound swab/Superficial wound cultures, fungal or AFB cultures ○ Plain films, CT or MRI

Treatment Options

	ADULT Antibiotic Therapy	PEDIATRIC Antibiotic Therapy	Duration
Uncomplicated Skin and Soft Tissue Infections			
<p>Non-purulent cellulitis Common Pathogens: <i>Beta-hemolytic Streptococci sp.</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amoxicillin 500mg PO TID <p><u>Penicillin Allergy (pick one):</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cephalexin 1000mg PO TID • Clindamycin 300mg PO TID 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amoxicillin 22.5mg/kg PO BID (max 4gm/day) <p><u>Penicillin Allergy (pick one):</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cephalexin 16.7mg/kg PO TID (max 4gm/day) • Clindamycin 10mg/kg PO TID (max 450mg/dose) 	<p style="text-align: center;">Adults: 5 days Pediatrics: 7-14 days</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 5 days is sufficient for well-drained abscess <u>without</u> surrounding cellulitis • Duration of therapy <u>may be extended</u> for severe or poorly responsive disease
<p>Cutaneous abscess or Purulent cellulitis → I&D (send purulent drainage for culture) Common Pathogens: <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TMP/SMX 800mg/160mg PO BID <p><u>Alternatives due to allergy or intolerance (pick one):</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clindamycin 300mg PO TID • Doxycycline 100mg PO BID 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TMP/SMX age >2 months: 5mg/kg TMP PO BID (max 160mg TMP/dose) • Clindamycin 10mg/kg PO TID (max 450mg/dose) 	
Complicated Skin and Soft Tissue Infections → Consultation with infectious diseases physician or surgery should be considered			
<p>Human bite/Animal bite Common Pathogens: <i>Pasteurella sp</i> (cats, dogs), <i>Capnocytophaga spp.</i> (dogs), <i>Eikenella corrodens</i> (human), <i>Streptococcus spp.</i>, Anaerobes</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amoxicillin/Clav 875/125mg PO BID <p><u>Beta-Lactam Allergy:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Levofloxacin 750mg PO daily PLUS Clindamycin 300mg PO TID 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amoxicillin/Clav 22.5mg/kg PO BID (max 875mg/dose) <p><u>Beta-Lactam Allergy:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clindamycin 10mg/kg PO TID (max 450mg/dose) PLUS TMP/SMX 5mg/kg TMP PO BID (max 160mg TMP/dose) 	<p>Prophylaxis with <u>open wound</u>: 3 to 5 days</p> <p><u>Infected</u>: Typically 7-10 days, tailor duration by response</p>
<p>Fish hook/marine injury³ Acute Presentation: Streptococci sp, Staphylococcus sp, <i>Vibrio vulnificus</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amoxicillin/Clav 875mg PO BID PLUS Doxycycline 100mg PO BID <p><u>Beta-Lactam Allergy:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clindamycin 300mg PO TID PLUS Doxycycline 100mg PO BID 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amoxicillin/Clav 22.5mg/kg PO BID (max 875mg/dose) PLUS Doxycycline 2mg/kg PO BID (max 100mg/dose)[‡] <p><u>Beta-Lactam Allergy:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clindamycin 10mg/kg PO TID (max 450mg/dose) PLUS Doxycycline 2mg/kg PO BID (max 100mg/dose)[‡] 	<p>Prophylaxis is not routinely recommended</p> <p><u>Infected</u>: Typically 7-10 days, tailor duration by response</p>
<p>IVDU Abscess Do not use this guideline if tendon involvement, deep hand, or face</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TMP/SMX 800mg/160mg PO BID <p><u>Sulfa Allergy:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clindamycin 300mg PO TID 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TMP/SMX 5mg/kg TMP PO BID (max 160mg TMP/dose) <p><u>Sulfa Allergy:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clindamycin 10mg/kg PO q8hr (max 450mg/dose) 	<p>Typically 7-10 days, tailor duration by response</p>

‡ Children <8 years old, consider discussing with pediatric Infectious Diseases physician

Antibiotics with broad-spectrum gram-negative activity are **NOT recommended**, and in most cases **should be avoided**.

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REFERENCES: 1. CID 2014;59 (15 July) Stevens et al. 2. J Clin Microbiol. 2012 Dec; 50(12): 4067-4072. 3. J Travel Med 2014; 21: 207-213. 3. J Travel Med 2014; 21: 207-213. 4. The Sanford Guide to Antimicrobial Therapy. 2018. 54. 48th Ed.